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# Are COVID-19 Vaccines in Pregnancy as Safe and Effective as the Medical Industrial Complex Claim? Part I

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#### Abstract

**Introduction**: In Part I of this three-part series, we report a retrospective, population-based cohort study assessing rates of adverse events (AEs) in pregnancy after COVID-19 vaccines compared to the same AEs after influenza vaccines and after all other vaccines.

**Methods:** Data were collected from the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). The CDC/FDA Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS) database was queried from January 1, 1990 to April 26, 2024, for adverse events (AEs) involving pregnancy complications following COVID-19 vaccination. The time-period included 412 months for all vaccines except COVID-19 vaccines, having been used for only 40 of the 412 months (December 1, 2020 to April 26, 2024). Proportional reporting ratios (PRR) by time compared AEs after COVID-19 vaccination to those after influenza vaccination, and after all other vaccine products administered to pregnant women. In cases in which the PRR was not applicable, Chi-square analysis and Fisher's exact tests were used according to CDC/FDA guidance. CDC/FDA stipulate a safety concern if a PRR is  $\geq$  2 or if a Chi-square is  $\geq$  4.

**Results:** The CDC/FDA's safety signals were breached for all 37 AEs following COVID-19 vaccination in pregnancy including miscarriage, chromosomal abnormalities, fetal malformations, cervical insufficiency, fetal arrhythmia, hemorrhage in pregnancy, premature labor/delivery, preeclampsia, preterm rupture of membranes, placental abnormalities, fetal growth restriction, stillbirth, newborn asphyxia and newborn death. All p values were  $\leq 0.001$  with the majority being <0.000001.

**Conclusions:** We found unacceptably high breaches in safety signals for 37 AEs after COVID-19 vaccination in pregnant women. An immediate global moratorium on COVID-19 vaccination during pregnancy is warranted. The United States government, medical organizations, hospitals, and pharmaceutical companies have misled and/or deceived the public regarding the safety of COVID-19 vaccination in pregnancy. The promotion of the COVID-19 vaccines in pregnancy by The American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (ACOG), The American Board of Obstetrics & Gynecology (ABOG), and The Society for Maternal Fetal Medicine (SMFM) must cease immediately.

# Keywords

Cervical Insufficiency, COVID-19 vaccines, Fetal Growth Restriction, Fetal Malformations, Miscarriage, Newborn Complications, Preeclampsia, Pregnancy Complications, Premature Newborn Death, Preterm Delivery, Stillbirth

## Introduction

The "Golden Rule of pregnancy" has remained unchanged throughout millennia: Novel and/or potentially harmful substances are never used when new human life is being formed and nurtured within the womb. Even foods and beverages normally considered safe for most people are illadvised during pregnancy such as unpasteurized milk, fermented foods (such as kombucha, yogurt, and certain cheeses), as well as some preparations and types of fish. Experts agree that small amounts of alcohol could potentially cause harm to the developing embryo and fetus and should therefore be avoided in pregnancy. The foregoing list is hardly exhaustive. Many other foods and beverages are avoided during pregnancy for the same reason - they have the potential to cause harm during pregnancy.

The Golden Rule of pregnancy was emblazoned on the collective consciousness of the global community after the thalidomide and diethylstilbestrol (DES) pregnancy disasters of the  $20^{th}$  century. Novel and untested medical interventions introduced during *any* stage of pregnancy are avoided, due to their high potential to cause short- and long-term multigenerational harms that may not be discoverable for years or even decades. The thalidomide and DES disasters demonstrate how easily delicate and intricate processes in the developing embryo/fetus can be catastrophically damaged when a novel teratogenic agent is given during pregnancy. During the vulnerable embryonic stage, the intricate blueprint for a new human life is created, including formation of all major systems and structures. During the fetal development stage, critical growth and development of all the major organ systems takes place. Because of the graphic nature of severe birth defects caused by thalidomide, it is perhaps better remembered than DES. Yet thalidomide (which we discuss in Part II) caused far less morbidity and mortality in pregnancy than did DES.

DES was widely prescribed to pregnant women for several decades with as many as 10 million exposed globally [1]. All physicians, *especially* obstetricians, know that DES was associated with cervical malformations in the daughters exposed in-utero. This tragically resulted in infertility, recurrent pregnancy loss, ectopic pregnancy, miscarriage, cervical insufficiency, preeclampsia, premature delivery, stillbirth, and neonatal death [2].

Ironically, the pharmaceutical industry marketed DES in pregnancy as a novel method to avoid pregnancy loss. Yet DES also caused clear cell adenocarcinoma of the cervix and vagina, as well as breast cancer [2]. DES complications were multigenerational and not limited to reproductive disasters in women. DES caused multiple complications in both sexes including autoimmune disease, neurodevelopmental alterations, psychosexual disorders, depression, immunologic complications, pancreatic disorders, early menopause, and cardiovascular problems [1,2]. Epigenetic alterations have been detected, and generational effects are observed in both DES daughters/sons, and DES granddaughters/grandsons [1,2]. As the data in this study demonstrates, the carnage caused by DES

was unrivaled in history until administration of COVID-19 vaccines during pregnancy. Results of this study, as well as reports of adverse event data following COVID-19 vaccination in pregnancy prior to this study, similarly point toward the possibility (if not probability) of long-term, multigenerational harms [3-8].

The purpose of Part I presented here is to assess the effects of COVID-19 vaccines on pregnancy outcomes through the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS) database. VAERS is a national early warning system for vaccine safety established in 1990 as an outgrowth of the National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act signed into law in 1986 [9]. VAERS is co-managed by the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA).

## Methods

MedAlerts[10] is one of only two long-standing platforms used to query the CDC/FDA VAERS database. The study period was from January 1, 1990 through April 26, 2024, and this includes 412 months for all vaccines except for COVID-19 vaccines that were used only 40 months (December 1, 2020 to April 26, 2024).

The first column of Table 1 lists 37 pregnancy complications investigated. The second column of Table 1 shows the exact MedAlert's "symptom(s)" used to investigate each of the 37 AEs in pregnancy. It is noteworthy that the CDC/FDA VAERS database lists AEs by British rather than American spelling.

MedAlerts "symptoms" involved complications of pregnancy and newborns including those specific symptoms listed under "abortion...," "amniotic...," "foetal...," "neonatal...," "placental...," and "premature..." Diagnoses having an AE with < 3 cases in the COVID-19 vaccine group were excluded. Proportional reporting ratios (PRR) calculated by time as previously validated [5] were used in accordance with the CDC/FDA Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS) "Standard Operating Procedures." As explained on page 15 of these "Standard Operating Procedures," PRRs compare the proportion of a specific AE following a particular vaccine with the proportion of the same AE following receipt of a different vaccine. Also explained on page 15 of these "Standard Operating Procedures," the CDC/FDA consider a PRR  $\geq$  2 or a Chi-square  $\geq$  4 to be a safety concern [11].

A recent publication analyzing the VAERS database used PRR based on three different variables: AE per time, AE per inoculation, and AE per individual vaccinated [5]. This publication [5] utilized Poisson distribution for a disproportionality analysis by time, by vaccination dose, and by person vaccinated and used a Poisson E-test to compute the p-value. Denominators for COVID-19 vaccinations and number of individuals vaccinated were obtained from Our World in Data [12]. Denominators for influenza vaccinations and numbers of individuals vaccinated were obtained using historical data combined with Monte Carlo simulation modeling. These extensive time/space consuming analyses were not necessary to be repeated in this study since the AE/per time was validated by AE/dose and by AE/person vaccinated [5]. When there was a zero in the raw database (Table 1) the PRR is not applicable, and Fisher's exact test and Chi-square analysis were performed instead. Standard statistical methods were used including PRRs and 95% confidence intervals, Fisher's exact test, Chi-square, and summary statistics as appropriate using MedCalc® version 22.021 [13]. MedCalc® Statistical Software reports p-values as follows: for PRR the lowest p value reported is p < 0.0001 or an exact number if p >

#### $0.0001, \, and \, for the Fisher exact test the lowest <math display="inline">p$

value reported is p < 0.000001 (1 in a million) or an exact number if p > 0.000001.

Adverse Event	MedAlerts "Symptoms" Utilized	Adverse Events Raw Data Expressed as COVID-19 Vaccines/Influenza Vaccines/All Other Vaccines
Miscarriage (spontaneous	"abortion missed" or "abortion	
abortion)	spontaneous" or "abortion spontaneous	
	complete" or "abortion spontaneous	3494 / 315 / 936
	complicated" or "abortion spontaneous	
	incomplete"	
Fetal chromosome	"foetal chromosome abnormality"	
abnormality		17 / 0 / 2
Fetal malformation	"foetal cystic hygroma" or "foetal	
	malformation" or "foetal megacystis"	40 / 2 / 8
Cervical insufficiency	"cervical incompetence"	10 / 2 / 9
Premature rupture of	"premature rupture of membranes"	
membranes		114 / 14 / 53
Premature labor	"premature labour"	189 / 53 / 223
Premature delivery	"premature baby" or	
	"premature delivery"	404 / 142 / 356
Placental calcification	"placental calcification"	5 / 0 /2
Placental infarction	"placental infarction"	8 / 0 / 2
Placental thrombosis	"foetal placental thrombosis"	6 / 0 / 0
Placenta accreta	"placenta accreta"	3 / 0 / 0
Placental abruption	"premature separation of placenta"	90 / 14 / 44
Placental insufficiency	"placental Insufficiency"	24 / 0 / 2
Placental disorder	"placental disorder"	41 / 17 / 55
Fetal-maternal hemorrhage	"foetal mataernal hemorrhage"	7/1/1
Fetal growth restriction	"foetal growth abnormality"	21 / 0 / 1
Reduced amniotic fluid	"amniotic fluid index decreased" or	17 / 1 / 11
volume	"amniotic fluid volume decreased"	1// 1/ 11
Preeclampsia	"pre-eclampsia"	147 / 26 / 96
Fetal heart rate abnormality	"foetal heart rate abnormal" or "foetal	147720790
retar heart rate abnormanity	heart rate acceleration abnormal" or	
	"foetal heart rate deceleration" or "foetal	
	heart rate deceleration abnormal" or	228 / 48 / 94
	"foetal heart rate decreased" or "foetal	2207 107 71
	heart rate disorder" or "foetal heart rate	
	increased" or "foetal heart rate	
	indeterminate"	
Fetal cardiac disorder	"foetal cardiac disorder"	22 / 4 / 8

Table 1. Thirty-seven pregnancy-related adverse events (AEs) were investigated in this study, 27 were antepartum AEs, and 10 were postpartum/newborn AEs. The AEs are depicted in Column 1 and the actual MedAlert's "symptoms" extracted are listed in Column 2. Noteworthy is that the U.S. CDC/FDA VAERS lists these complications in British spelling. Column 3 lists the raw data of AEs depicted as follows: COVID-19 vaccines/influenza vaccines/all other vaccines except COVID-19.

Adverse Event	MedAlerts "Symptoms" Utilized	Adverse Events Raw Data Expressed as COVID-19 Vaccines/Influenza Vaccines/All Other Vaccines
Fetal vascular malperfusion	"foetal vascular malperfusion	19 / 0 / 0
Fetal arrhythmia	"foetal arrhythmia"	10 / 0 / 0
Fetal distress	"foetal distress syndrome"	18 / 6 / 27
Fetal biophysical profile abnormal	"foetal biophysical profile abnormal"	4 / 0 / 0
Hemorrhage in pregnancy	"haemorrhage in pregnancy"	164 / 7 / 25
Fetal cardiac Arrest	"foetal cardiac arrest"	21 / 2 / 2
Fetal death (Stillbirth)*	"foetal death" or "stillbirth"	477 / 68 / 175
Premature infant death	"premature baby death"	12 / 0 / 1
Neonatal asphyxia	"neonatal asphyxia"	8 / 0 / 3
Neonatal dyspnea	"neonatal dyspnea"	13 / 0 / 1
Neonatal infection	"neonatal infection"	5 / 0 / 4
Neonatal hemorrage	"haemorrhage neonatal"	4 / 0 / 0
Neonatal insufficient breast milk	"neonatal insufficient breast milk"	10 / 0 / 0
Neonatal pneumonia	"neonatal pneumonia"	4 / 0 / 1
Neonatal respiratory distress	"neonatal respiratory distress"	12 / 0 / 7
Neonatal respiratory distress syndrome	"neonatal respiratory distress syndrome"	12 / 0 / 23
Neonatal seizure	"neonatal seizure"	7/0/6

Table 1. continued.

#### Results

Table 1, Column 3 describes the raw data for each of the 37 AEs expressed as: case numbers in COVID-19 vaccines over 40 months/case numbers in influenza vaccines over 412 months/case numbers in all vaccines (including influenza) excluding only COVID-19 for 412 months. Table 2 describes the 37 AEs in Column 1, the PRR or Chi-square for COVID-19 vaccines/influenza vaccines in Column 2, and the PRR or Chi-square for COVID-19 vaccines/all other vaccines in Column 3. All 37 AEs in pregnancy far exceed the CDC/FDA safety signal: a PRR of  $\geq 2$ or a Chi-square of  $\geq 4$  (Table 2) [11]. Summary statistics for the 37 AEs mean (n, range) are as follows: PRR 69.2 (46, 5.3/7 - 499); z statistic 9.64 (46, 3.29 - 27.0); and Chi-square was 74.7 (26, 28.9 -148). All p values were  $\leq 0.001$  with the majority being less than 0.000001 as MedCalc® only reports

the lowest p-value for PRR as < 0.0001 [13].

#### Discussion

Compared to influenza and all other vaccine products, COVID-19 vaccines in pregnancy have demonstrated unacceptable breaches in safety signals across all 37 AEs investigated, 27 antepartum and 10 postpartum/newborn. All 37 AEs breach CDC/FDA limits for safety [11] and are consistent with the authors' extensive clinical observations. Summary statistics for the deviation of safety signal breaches are described here: mean (n, range) of the PRR was 69.3 (46, 5.37 - 499), z statistic 9.64 (46, 3.29 - 27.0), and Chi-square was 74.7 (26, 28.9 - 148). The magnitude of these safety deviations is unparalleled given the CDC/FDA guidelines defining a PRR  $\geq$  2 or a Chi-square  $\geq$  4 as a cause for alarm. The z statistic is informative as it describes the standard deviation of AEs in the

COVID-19 vaccines above other vaccines. Most p-values were in the range of one in a million or less.

Adverse Event (AE)	COVID-19 Vaccines Over 40 Months vs Influenza Vaccines over 412 Months	COVID-19 Vaccines Over 40 Months vs All Other Vaccines over 412 Months
Miscarriage	PRR 114	PRR 38.4
	95% CI 81.0 - 161	95% CI 27.6 - 53.6
	p < 0.0001, z statistic 27.0	p < 0.0001, z statistic 21.5
Fetal chromosome	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs	PRR 87.6
abnormality	influenza Vaccines	95% CI: 19.5 - 393
	Fishers Exact p < 0.000001	p < 0.0001, z statistic 5.84
	Chi-square 127	
Fetal malformation	PRR 206	PRR 51.5
	95% CI: 48.0 - 884	95% CI: 22.6 - 118
	p < 0.0001, z statistic 7.17	p < 0.0001, z statistic 9.36
Cervical insufficiency	PRR 51.5	PRR 11.4
-	95% CI 10.9 - 243	4.39 - 29.8
	p < 0.0001, z statistic 4.98	p < 0.0001, z statistic 4.99
Premature rupture of	PRR 83.9	PRR 22.2
membranes	95% CI: 44.1 - 160	95% CI: 14.0 - 35.1
	p < 0.0001, z statistic 13.5	p < 0.0001, z statistic 13.2
Premature labor	PRR 36.7	PRR 8.73
	95% CI: 23.5 - 57.3	95% CI: 5.98 – 11.2
	p < 0.0001, z statistic 15.9	p < 0.0001, z statistic 15.9
Premature delivery	PRR 29.3	PRR 11.7
2	95% CI: 20.1 – 42.7	95% CI 8.20 - 16.7
	p < 0.0001, z statistic 17.6	p < 0.0001, z statistic 13.6
Placental calcification	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs	PRR 25.8
	influenza Vaccines	95% CI 4.84 – 137
	Fishers Exact $p = 0.000008$	p < 0.0001, z statistic 3.81
	Chi-square 46.2	1
Placental infarction	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs	PRR 173
	influenza Vaccines	95% CI 9.81 - 3060
	Fishers Exact p < 0.000001	p = 0.0004, z statistic 3.52
	Chi-square 69.7	1 · ·
Placental thrombosis	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs
	influenza Vaccines	All Other Vaccines
	Fishers Exact $p = 0.000001$	Fishers Exact $p = 0.000001$
	Chi-square 54.3	Chi-square 54.3
Placenta accreta	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs
	influenza Vaccines	All Other Vaccines
	Fishers Exact $p = 0.00079$	Fishers Exact $p = 0.00079$
	Chi-square 28.9	Chi-square 28.9

Table 2. Thirty-seven pregnancy-related adverse events (AEs), 27 antepartum AEs, and 10 postpartum/newborn AEs associated with COVID-19 vaccines over 40 months are compared to those after influenza vaccines, and those after all other vaccines (except COVID-19) over 412 months. A proportional reporting ratio (PRR) with 95% confidence intervals are depicted where appropriate. Fisher Exact and Chi-square analysis were used when PRR was not applicable in the cases where there were zero AEs in the comparison groups. FDA uses a breach of safety signal as a PRR of  $\geq$  2 and a Chi-square  $\geq$  4.

Adverse Event (AE)	COVID-19 Vaccines Over 40 Months vs Influenza Vaccines over 412 Months	COVID-19 Vaccines Over 40 Months vs All Other Vaccines over 412 Months
Discontrol of music a	PRR 66.2	PRR 21.1
Placental abruption	95% CI: 34.6 – 127	
		95% CI: 13.0 – 34.2
D1	p < 0.0001, z statistic 12.6 PRR 499	p < 0.0001, z statistic 12.3
Placental insufficiency		Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs
	95% CI: 29.8 - 8360	All Other Vaccines
	p < 0.0001, z statistic 4.32	Fishers Exact $p < 0.000001$
D1 (11) 1	DDD 34.0	Chi-square 147
Placental disorder	PRR 24.8	PRR 18.1
	95% CI: 12.9 – 47.7	95% CI: 9.61 – 34.0
<b>T</b>	p < 0.0001, z statistic 9.7	p < 0.0001, z statistic 8.98
Fetal-maternal hemorrhage	PRR 72.1	PRR 72.1
	95% CI: 8.65 - 601	95% CI: 8.65 – 601
	p < 0.0001, z statistic 3.96	p < 0.0001, z statistic 3.96
Fetal growth restriction	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs
	influenza Vaccines	All Other Vaccines
	Fishers Exact p < 0.000001	Fishers Exact p < 0.000001
	Chi-square 148	Chi-square 140
Reduced amniotic fluid	PRR 175	PRR 15.9
volume	95% CI: 22.7 – 1350	95% CI: 6.98 – 36.3
	p < 0.0001, z statistic 4.96	p < 0.0001, z statistic 6.58
Preeclampsia	PRR 58.2	PRR 15.8
	95% CI: 34.3 – 98.8	95% CI: 10.4 – 23.9
	p < 0.0001, z statistic 15.1	p < 0.0001, z statistic 13.0
Fetal heart rate abnormality	PRR 48.9	PRR 25.0
	95% CI: 31.2 - 76.7	95% CI: 16.7 – 37.4
	p < 0.0001, z statistic 17.0	p < 0.0001, z statistic 15.6
Fetal cardiac disorder	PRR 56.7	PRR 28.3
	95% CI: 18.6 – 173	95% CI: 11.8 - 67.7
	p < 0.0001, z statistic 7.10	p < 0.0001, z statistic 7.52
Fetal vascular malperfusion	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs
	influenza Vaccines	All Other Vaccines
	Fishers Exact p < 0.000001	Fishers Exact p < 0.000001
	Chi-square 148	Chi-square 140
Fetal arrhythmia	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs
	influenza Vaccines	All Other Vaccines
	Fishers Exact p < 0.000001	Fishers Exact p < 0.000001
	Chi-square 84.0	Chi-square 84.0
Fetal distress	PRR 30.9	PRR 6.87
	95% CI: 11.6 - 82.3	95% CI: 3.48 - 13.5
	p < 0.0001, z statistic 6.87	p < 0.0001, z statistic 5.56
Fetal biophysical profile	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs
abnormal	influenza Vaccines	All Other Vaccines
	Fishers Exact p 0.000076	Fishers Exact p < 0.000076
	Chi-square 37.7	Chi-square 37.7
Fetal cardiac arrest	PRR 108	PRR 108
	95% CI: 24.5 – 478	95% CI: 24.5 – 478
	p < 0.0001, z statistic 6.18	p < 0.0001, z statistic 6.18
	Table 2. continued	*

Table 2. continued

Adverse Event (AE)	COVID-19 Vaccines Over 40 Months vs Influenza Vaccines over 412 Months	COVID-19 Vaccines Over 40 Months vs All Other Vaccines over 412 Months
	vs influenza vaccines over 412 Months	All Other vaccines over 412 Months
Hemorrhage in pregnancy	PRR 241	PRR 67.6
	106 - 550	39.7 - 115
	p < 0.0001, z statistic 13.1	p < 0.0001, z statistic 15.5
Fetal death (stillbirth)	PRR 72.3	PRR 28.1
()	95% CI: 47.8 – 109	95% CI: 19.4 - 40.6
	p < 0.0001, z statistic 20.4	p < 0.0001, z statistic 13.0
Prematue infant death	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs	PRR 124
remaile main deam	influenza Vaccines	95% CI: 15.7 – 975
	Fishers Exact p < 0.000001	p < 0.0001, z statistic 4.57
	Chi-square 97.4	P 0.0001, 2 0.0000 0.00
Neonatal asphyxia	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs	PRR 27.5
i contatat aspityma	influenza Vaccines	95% CI: 7.01 – 108
	Fishers Exact p < 0.0001	p < 0.0001, z statistic 4.75
	Chi-square 69.7	p • 0.0001, 2 statistic 1.75
Neonatal dyspnea	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs	PRR 134
riconatar oysphea	influenza Vaccines	95% CI: 17.1 – 1050
	Fishers Exact $p < 0.000001$	p < 0.0001, z statistic 4.66
	Chi-square 104	p < 0.0001, 2 statistic 4.00
Neonatal infection	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs	PRR 12.9
reconatar infection	influenza Vaccines	95% CI: 3.32 – 49.9
	Fishers Exact $p = 0.000008$	p = 0.0002, z statistic 4.66
	Chi-square 46.2	p = 0.0002, 2 statistic 4.00
Neonatal hemorrhage	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs
Neonatal hemorrage	influenza Vaccines	influenza Vaccines
	Fishers Exact $p = 0.000076$	Fishers Exact $p = 0.000076$
	Chi-square 37.7	Chi-square 37.7
Neonatal insufficient breast	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs
milk	influenza Vaccines	All Other Vaccines
шик	Fishers Exact p < 0.000001	Fishers Exact $p < 0.00001$
	Chi-square 84.0	Chi-square 84.0
Neonatal pneumonia	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs	PRR 41.2
reonatar priedmonia	influenza Vaccines	95% CI: 4.50 – 378
	Fishers Exact $p = 0.000076$	p = 0.0010, z statistic 3.29
	Chi-square 37.7	p = 0.0010, 2 statistic 5.29
Neonatal respiratory distress	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs	PRR 17.7
reconatar respiratory distress	influenza Vaccines	95% CI: 6.58 – 47.4
	Fishers Exact p = 0.000080	p = 0.0010, z statistic 5.70
	Chi-square 97.4	p = 0.0010, 2 statistic 5.70
Neonatal respiratory distress	Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs	PRR 5.37
	influenza Vaccines	95% CI: 2.49 – 11.6
syndrome	Fishers Exact p < 0.000001	p = 0.0010, z statistic 4.28
	-	p = 0.0010, 2 statistic 4.28
Neonatal seizure	Chi-square 97.4 Significantly increased in COVID-19 vs	PRR 12.0
nconatai seizure	influenza Vaccines	95% CI: 3.85 – 37.5
	Fishers Exact $p < 0.000001$	p = 0.0010, z statistic 4.28
	Chi-square 62.2	

Table 2. continued.

# Conclusion

Compared to influenza and all other vaccine products, COVID-19 vaccines in pregnancy have demonstrated unacceptable breaches in safety signals across all 37 AEs investigated, 27 antepartum and 10 postpartum/newborn. All 37 AEs breach CDC/FDA limits for safety [11] and are consistent with the authors' extensive clinical observations. Summary statistics for the deviation of safety signal breaches are described here: mean (n, range) of the PRR was 69.3 (46, 5.37 - 499), z statistic 9.64 (46, 3.29 - 27.0), and Chi-square was 74.7 (26, 28.9 - 148). The magnitude of these safety deviations is unparalleled given the CDC/FDA guidelines defining a PRR  $\geq 2$  or a Chi-square  $\geq 4$  as a cause for alarm. The z statistic is informative as it describes the standard deviation of AEs in the COVID-19 vaccines above other vaccines. Most pvalues were in the range of one in a million or less.

The scope of the pregnancy complications in this study are of great concern and consistent with the vast obstetrical experience of the authors' observations. The catastrophic effects of the COVID-19 vaccines in pregnancy are associated with nearly every obstetrical/neonatal complication imaginable. Placental abnormalities also exhibited a substantial breach in safety signals including placental insufficiency, placental calcification, placental infarction, placental thrombosis, placenta accreta, and other placental disorders. The placental abnormalities noted in this study are consistent with clinical observations from sonographers and physicians reviewing ultrasound images prior to birth and are depicted in Figure 1. Figure 1 depicts three separate women's third trimester fetal ultrasound images documenting classic features observed after administration of COVID-19 vaccines earlier in pregnancy. Many of these findings are consistent with multiple pregnancy adverse events described in this report including placental calcifications, placental insufficiency, placental infarction, placental thrombosis, placenta accreta, placental disorders, reduced amniotic fluid volume, and fetal growth restriction. The placental images demonstrate calcifications (c), lacunae (L), and infarcts (i) as pictured in Figure 1. This present study investigating AEs in pregnancy following COVID-19 vaccination is consistent with two other Pfizer sources[3,6] and two prior FDA/CDC VAERS sources, as discussed below [4,5].

## February 28, 2021: Pfizer's 5.3.6 Post Market Surveillance Analysis Completed

The Pfizer 5.3.6 legally mandated post-market analysis [3] documents COVID-19 vaccines to be the most injurious and lethal medical product ever rolled out, with 42,086 casualties (AEs) including 1,223 deaths in just 10 weeks (see page 7), thus documenting an "injure-to-kill" ratio of 33.4. Page 12 of Pfizer's report [3] documents multiple concerning pregnancy outcomes as follows:

- A miscarriage rate of 81% (26/32; 238/270 had no follow-up),

- A five-fold increase in stillbirth rates from an expected rate 5.8/1000 to 31/1000 (1/32 rate),

- An eight-fold increase in neonatal death rate from expected rate of 3.9/1000 to 31/1000 (1/32 rate), and - A 13% (17/133) incidence of breastfeeding complications in those newborns whose mothers received the COVID-19 vaccines in pregnancy, which seems extraordinary and far higher than any literature known to the authors. While there is no control group for comparison in this Pfizer document, several of these AE's (number of cases) appear serious and outside the realm of the normal breastfeeding experience, including but not limited to "pyrexia (5)," "rash (4)," "infant irritability (3)," "infantile vomiting (2)," "diarrhoea," [British spelling] (2) "insomnia (2)," "illness (2)," "lethargy (1)," "abdominal discomfort (1)," "vomiting (1)," "eructation (1)," "agitation (1)," and "urticaria (1)." Pfizer and the FDA attempted to conceal the post-

#### market analyses of $AEs^3$ for 55-75 years [14,15].

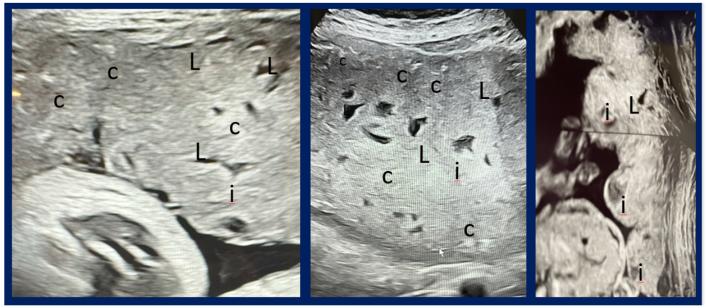


Figure 1. Depicted are three separate pregnant women's ultrasound images in the third trimester documenting the classic features that have been noted after COVID-19 vaccines administered during pregnancy. Many of these findings are consistent with the multiple pregnancy adverse events related to COVID-19 vaccines in pregnancy in this report including placental calcifications, placental insufficiency, placental infarction, placental thrombosis, placental accreta, placental disorders, reduced amniotic fluid volume, and fetal growth restriction. The images represent calcifications (c), lacunae (L), and infarcts

(i).

## January 12, 2022: The American Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology (ABOG) Put on Notice Regarding the Unacceptable Breaches in VAERS Safety Signals

The American Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology (ABOG) published their "Statement Regarding Dissemination of COVID-19 Misinformation" on September 27, 2021 [16]. A senior constituent and former ABOG examiner personally complained to ABOG's Executive Director about its unprecedented threats to 60,000 Ob/Gyn physicians, pushing physicians to recommend untested, experimental COVID-19 vaccinations in pregnancy. ABOG threatened to remove the licenses and board certifications of this senior board-certified Ob/Gyn and maternal-fetal medicine physician. In response, this physician compiled an open, public letter to ABOG published on January 12, 2022 [4]. This 98-page open letter to ABOG specifically reviewed the unacceptable breaches in VAERS safety signals to the attention of ABOG's senior officers and examiners. Under a section entitled "The VAERS Data Has Signaled Warnings that Can No Longer be Ignored" on page 12, the letter [4] specifically detailed unprecedented deaths, fetal malformations, and pregnancy losses in the VAERS database. The letter also warned ABOG of multiple other major concerns among others not listed here:

- Lipid nanoparticles (LNPs) were clearly designed to cross "all God-made barriers, including the blood brain barriers, the placental barrier, and the fetal blood brain barriers," - LNPs were concentrated in ovaries,

- A female fetus has only about 1 million gametes (ova) and each is exposed to the potentially toxic substances in the LNP's including vaccine-mRNA,

- Any inflammatory substance such as the COVID-19 vaccine, is dangerous in the developing embryo/fetus and may cause permanent damage, malformation, death, placental insufficiency, and potentially lifelong chronic diseases,

- Disruption of the TLR7 and TLR8 receptors on cell may increase risk to infections and cancers,

- An unprecedented number of stillbirths in the US, Canada, Scotland, Europe and many other locations, and

- Scott Davison the CEO of OneAmerica insurance company has reported all-cause death rates up 40% in ages 18-64 years after the vaccine rollout and that a 10% uptick in all-cause mortality was catastrophic for the insurance industry.

The open letter to ABOG published January 12, 2022 also provided ABOG with references for 1,019 peerreviewed medical journal publications in just 12 months after COVID-19 vaccines rolled out, documenting severe injuries and death [4]. As of June 12, 2024, 42 months after the COVID-19 vaccine rollout, there are now 3,580 such studies [7]. ABOG never reversed its position nor responded to the letter, but continued to recertify this physician in 2022 and in 2023.

Concerns were expressed by many regarding the potential of the mRNA-based vaccines to be reversed-transcribed into the human genome, including germ cells of men and women potentially creating a genetic alteration in offspring. As such, this would not just be an epigenetic multigenerational catastrophe as in the case of DES - it could have permanent consequences to the future of the human genome. Why was this not investigated prior to human experimentation? A strong case can be made that pushing novel COVID-19 vaccines in pregnancy is the greatest ethical breach in the history of medicine [17]. A litany of falsehoods have been forced upon global citizens and concerned health care providers over the course of the pandemic years, including the following [18]:

- COVID-19 vaccines would never be mandated,

- hydroxychloroquine is unsafe and ineffective,

- ivermectin is unsafe and ineffective,

- there are no safety concerns with the COVID-19 vaccines during pregnancy,

-mRNA from the COVID-vaccines remains localized in the deltoid muscle, and

-mRNA in vaccines could never be reversed transcribed into the human genome

But alarmingly, Aldén and colleagues demonstrated in February of 2022 that the vaccine mRNA is reverse-transcribed into human liver cells *in-vitro* [19], and two separate studies in 2022 [20], and 2023 [21], by lead author Hanna and colleagues demonstrated that intact vaccine mRNA is excreted into human breast milk, potentially vaccinating the newborn while breastfeeding.

This foregoing brings heightened urgency to the question of whether COVID-19 mRNA is being reverse-transcribed into the human genome. The American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology in early 2024 published an article by Lin and colleagues [22] documenting transplacental transmission of COVID-19 vaccine mRNA across the placenta into fetal blood, which also appears to be bioactive in production of spike protein expression in the placenta and decidua. This finding could potentially explain several of the pregnancy related AEs in this study including many of the placentarelated AEs as reflected in ultrasound images in Figure 1. The bioactivity of the vaccine mRNA in the decidua could also explain, at least in part, menstrual abnormalities and infertility. Lin and colleagues [22] validate the warnings over 2 years

ago (January 2022) issued to the American Board of Obstetrics & Gynecology (ABOG) by the dissenting maternal-fetal medicine physician's open, public letter [4]. Indeed, the lipid nanoparticles were designed to pass through the placenta and enter the fetal blood.

Recent findings indicate substantial contamination of the mod-RNA with plasmid DNA, which in case of the Pfizer product also contains the SV40 promoterenhancer/origin of replication sequence, findings which have been replicated in a number of credible labs [23-27]. Microbiologist Kevin McKernan was the first to discover DNA contamination in both Pfizer and Moderna covid vaccines as well as a cancercausing agent known as SV40 in Pfizer's vaccine. This prompted the World Council for Health (WCH) to organize an Urgent Expert Healing Conference on October 9, 2023 [28]. The next day, the WCH put out a press release headlined: "World Council for Health Expert Panel Finds Cancer Promoting DNA Contamination in Covid-19 Vaccines: International expert panel concludes that Covid vaccines are contaminated with foreign DNA and that SV40, a cancer-promoting genetic sequence has been found in the vaccines" [28]. On October 24, 2024 McKernan describes biopsies from a vaccinated cancer patient containing high levels of the SV40 sequence, as well as the presence of other plasmid sequences [29]. The implications of this contamination for public health are enormous, as both the adult population and children whose mothers were vaccinated during pregnancy could be severely affected. Any DNA inserted in the genome has the potential to lead to cellular transformation, cancer, and to genetic abnormalities in the preborn.

#### April 2023: VAERS Analysis of AEs in Pregnant and Menstruating Women

In a prior publication Thorp and colleagues [5] compared 18 AEs over 18 months after COVID-19

vaccination to AEs after influenza vaccines occurring over 282 months. This analysis used PRR based on three different variables: AE per time, AE per inoculation, and AE per individual vaccinated [5]. There were 17 obstetrical AEs and 1 AE assessing abnormalities in menstrual function. All 18 AEs documented significant breaches in the CDC/FDA's safety signal of a PRR  $\geq$  2 including. The PRRs by time for menstrual abnormalities - 4257; miscarriage - 177; fetal malformation - 21; preeclampsia - 83; preterm delivery - 32.3; low amniotic fluid volume -17; abnormal fetal surveillance - 83; and stillbirth -135; all exceeded safety limits. All foregoing AEs had a p value of less than one in a million.

## July 2023 Pfizer's: Randomized, Double-Blind, Placebo Controlled Clinical Trial in Pregnant Women, COVID-19 vaccine versus Placebo

Also consistent with the findings in this present study is Pfizer's phase 2/3 clinical trial. Pfizer titled this study a "Randomized, Double-Blind, Placebo Controlled Clinical Trial in Pregnant Women, COVID-19 vaccine versus Placebo" which was completed in July 2022 and released in July 2023. This trial was grossly underpowered with only 324 pregnant women, 161 randomized to COVID-19 vaccines and 163 to placebo [6]. Moreover, the trial's first inclusion criterium selected the lowestpossible risk pregnant population: "healthy women  $\geq$ 18 years of age who are between 24 0/7 and 34 0/7 weeks' gestation on the day of planned vaccination, with an uncomplicated, singleton pregnancy, who are at no known increased risk for complications." Choosing entry criteria with the lowest possible risk, and the vaccine given in a narrow time frame is inconsistent with the claims made that it is safe for any woman any time before, during or after pregnancy. This design fails to address vaccination risk of miscarriage or other complications prior to 24 weeks. Nor can this study design be extrapoloated to

any other population outside of this highly selected low-risk population. For example, this study would not be applicable to any pregnant women with obesity, hypertension, diabites, asthma, mutliple gestations, or a history of premature labor or a myriad of other pre-existing medical or obstetrical conditions. Despite the aforementioned design flaws in this lowest-risk population there were at least 8 gravely concerning newborn outcomes in those mothers who were randomized to receive the COVID-19 vaccine:

1. low Apgar Scores (depressed newborns) increased by 100%;

meconium aspiration syndrome substantially increased;

- 3. neonatal jaundice increased by 80%;
- 4. congenital malformations increased by 70%;
- 5. atrial septal defect increased by 220%;
- 6. fetal growth restriction substantially increased;
- 7. congenital nevus increased by 200%; and perhaps most concerningly,
- 8. congenital anomalies with developmental delays at 6 months of life, increased by 310%.

How many women would have *ever* considered taking COVID-19 vaccines in pregnancy if their Ob/Gyn physicians informed them of these 8 newborn outcomes from Pfizer's phase 2/3 clinical trial? It would seem unlikely that any women would have willingly taken the COVID-19 vaccines in pregnancy had they been given honest informed consent required by the Nuremberg Code of Ethics.

#### Are Any of Pfizer's "Randomized, Placebo-Controlled, Double Blinded Clinicals Involving COVID-19 Vaccines Valid?

Turtles All the Way Down: Vaccine Science and Myth, a book of over 500 pages with more than 1200 references, states that there has never been a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial for any of the vaccines currently on the FDA schedule [30]. Published since 2019, no statement of fact in this book has ever been proven false by anyone in the world. All alleged clinical trials conducted by vaccine manufacturers are not given true placebo and are circumspect, especially given the corporate kleptocratic entanglement of the pharmaceutical industry and U.S. government [30]. Legal claims challenging the integrity and veracity of Pfizer's clinical trials are pending in state and federal courts. Whistleblower Brook Jackson working for Ventavia Research Group observed gross breach of standard clinical practices in Pfizer's clinical trials stating that the company falsified data, unblinded patients, employed inadequately trained vaccinators, and was slow to follow up on adverse events reported in Pfizer's pivotal phase III trial. Jackson's testimony is detailed in the British Journal of Medicine [31]. Jackson stated that staff who conducted guality control checks were overwhelmed by the volume of problems they were finding. Jackson sued Pfizer in Federal court under the False Claims Act for fraud. Additionally, Pfizer is currently being sued by the Texas Attorney General [32] for violation of the Texas Deceptive Trade Practices Act and by the Kansas Attorney General [33] on multiple counts of misleading consumers. Pfizer and the U.S. government are misleading consumers and the government's granting of U.S. tax dollars to promote COVID-19 vaccines in many private entities [34], including medical organizations [35], hospitals [36], faith leaders [37], and retail pharmacies including CVS and Walgreens [38], which is even more concerning. All of the four pillars of medical ethics have been egregiously violated [39].

There are many strengths of this study, including the sourcing of all the data from the government and from Pfizer. As of this report there at least 6 studies demonstrating unequivocal breaches of safety signals with the COVID-19 vaccines in pregnancy

[3-6,8]. Of these six studies (including this report), three are from the CDC/FDA/VAERS[4,5] and two from Pfizer [3,6]. All authors of this study have no academic, fiduciary, or governmental conflicts of interest and, to the contrary, have been persecuted, censored, and threatened with loss of licensure and board certifications for reporting data contradicting the government/pharmaceutical narratives. The flawed Shimabukuro study [40] published in the New England Journal of Medicine (NEJM) alongside a separate Op/Ed [41] by Rochelle Walensky, then Director of the CDC, Eric Rubin NEJM Editor in Chief, and Stephen Morrissey NEJM Managing Editor were wrought with staggering conflicts of interest, manipulated numbers, and false statements to push the COVID-19 vaccines in pregnant women. Both of these separate articles [40,41] were published in the NEJM on the same day, April 21, 2021. These studies are extensively reviewed in Part II of this Trilogy. Other studies have since been published concluding that the COVID-19 vaccines are safe and effective in pregnancy but are terminally flawed by major conflicts of interest regarding funding sources, hospital policies, institutional policies, authors' employment, authors' medical licensures and authors' board certifications. Noteworthy is a recent report documenting that the pharmaceutical industry paid \$1.06 billion to reviewers at top medical journals including NEJM, JAMA and BMJ between 2020 and 2022 [42].

In Part II of this series, we focus on how the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and Food and Drug Administration (FDA) have manipulated and throttled the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS) and have allowed VAERS to be denigrated in order to move toward closed vaccine surveillance systems including V-safe, Vaccine Safety Datalink (VSD) system, and the Biologics Effectiveness and Safety (BEST) system. We will also explore how the tentacles of government corruption pushed COVID-19 vaccination in pregnancy through the *New England Journal of Medicine*.

In Part III of this series, we will critically review all the published studies involving COVID-19 vaccinations in pregnancy.

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